Inclusion in Latvian Education

Prof. D.Bluma 2011.

The right to education

• The former law on education till 1991

• The way of implementation

The consequences in schools and society

• The social aspects (exclusion)

The problem groups

Disabilities

Motivation

Social background

Inclusive education today

Education policy in Latvia

Schools

Professional and higher education

• Leisure time activities

Attitudes to inclusion/integration

• Relations in educational institutions

Attitudes in the society

Attitudes of the people with problems

Teachers and the diversity

- Teacher's competences
- Teacher's work conditions
- The learning environment for inclusion/integration:
 - in education
 - in society

Support opportunities

Teacher education

Teacher's Standard for Inclusion

Responsibilities and tasks

Knowledge (from separated to integrated)

• Skills

Competences

Principles of development

- Contextual significance
- Situational approach
- Functionalism (why, what and how)
- Inetgrated approach
- Holistic approach

Tasks

- To learn to recognize pupils' diverse needs
- To define aims and tasks responding to pupils' diverse needs and interests
- To take into account pupils' rights to education
- To organize supportive and inclusive learning environment
- To ensure opportunities for allround personality development.
- To promote participation
- To respect and understand all pupils, take into account their abilities, needs, interests
- To differenciate the teaching/learning process and see to each pupils' individuality

Knowledge

- Protection of children's rights
- Personality development
- Communication and cooperation
- Development of learning environment

Competences

- To understand teachers' own influence on pupils' development
- To recognize issues in pupils' development and health
- To promote pupils' learning motivation, creativity, active involvement in all activities
- To promote development of pupils' positive self-respect
- To include pupils with diverse abilities, interests, experiences in educational processes
- To promote positive communication among pupils, cooperation, understanding and tolerance
- To cooperate with people with different experiences and views
- To act in multicultural settings, understand cultural, ethnic, national, religious and contextual differences
- To carry out continuous professional development

Skills and abilities

- To promote and support individual development of pupils
- To promote development of pupils' critical thinking, creativity, independence, responsibility
- To manage teaching/learning process taking into account individual abilities, needs, motivation, learning styles
- To develop supportive and inclusive environment
- To help puils adapt in new social and physical environments
- To promote development of values, citizenship, multicultural understanding
- To recognize, observe, investigate developmental processes and disturbances and find solutions